IN THE ABSTRACT:

Please amend the Abstract as follows:

The present invention provides a A method of predicting an empty seat condition for a vehicle seat having an occupancy sensing system with a sensor array assembly. The method includes the steps of determining a first resultant value based on the change between the differences among a first series of sensor readings taken from the sensor array over a predetermined period of time, and determining a second resultant value based on the change between the differences among a second series of sensor readings taken from the sensor array over a different predetermined period of time. The method also includes summing the first and second resultant values are summed and determining if the summed value is negative and calculating the change in the first and second resultant values is calculated in terms of time to determine if the calculated change it is greater than a predetermined value. Further, the method includes classifying the vehicle seat is classified as empty if the summed value is negative and calculated change is greater than the predetermined amount.